

ERRATUM

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# Erratum to: Adaptation of forest management to climate change as perceived by forest owners and managers in Belgium

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## Erratum

Unfortunately, after publication of this article (Sousa-Silva et al. 2016), it was noticed that the table legends for Tables 1 and 2 were incorrectly placed in the body of the text. The tables along with their corresponding legends can be seen below.

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## Reference

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**Table 1** Characteristics of respondents and samples of forest owners and forest managers

	All respondents	Forest owners	Forest managers
Gender			
Male	88 %	87 %	90 %
Female	12 %	13 %	10 %
Age			
< 30 years	9 %	5 %	14 %
30–39 years	14 %	9 %	21 %
40–49 years	20 %	17 %	23 %
> 50 years	57 %	70 %	42 %
Forest location			
Flanders	55 %	58 %	51 %
Wallonia	40 %	37 %	43 %
Flanders & Wallonia	3 %	3 %	4 %
Abroad	2 %	3 %	2 %
Education			
Basic education	1 %	1 %	0 %
Secondary education	21 %	19 %	23 %
Higher education	79 %	80 %	77 %
Income			
Average gross annual revenue		<500 €	-
Type of management			
Active/Passive		91 %/9 %	-
Public/Private		-	54 %/46 %
Forest size			
< 2 ha	22 %	32 %	9 %
2–199 ha	43 %	59 %	23 %
> 200 ha	35 %	10 %	68 %
Member of a forest owners' association			
Yes	52 %	61 %	40 %
No	48 %	39 %	60 %
No. of observations	391	220	171

Forest owners were divided into two categories, depending on whether they manage their own forest (active owners) or not (passive owners). Forest managers, who do not own forest land, were either categorized as being in the public administration (public managers) or in the private sector (private managers). Revenue represents their self-reported total income received annually, before taking taxes or deductions into account, from the forests they own (considered together). Percentages may not total 100 % due to rounding

**Table 2** Descriptive statistics of respondents and samples of forest owners and forest managers (in %)

	All respondents	Owners <sup>(O)</sup>		Managers <sup>(M)</sup>		P values H <sub>0</sub> : O = M	P values H <sub>0</sub> : O1 = O2	P values H <sub>0</sub> : M1 = M2
		Active (O1)	Passive (O2)	Public (M1)	Private (M2)			
Belief:	<i>Do you think that climate change is happening?</i>							
Yes	95	94		98		0.101	1 <sup>a</sup>	0.337 <sup>a</sup>
		93.5	95	99	96			
No	5	6		2				
		6.5	5	1	4			
Experience:	<i>Have you experienced any extreme weather conditions that you interpreted as caused by climate change?</i>							
Yes	50	41		59		< 0.001	0.201	0.008
		42.5	25	49	71			
No	50	59		41				
		57.5	75	51	29			
Adaptation:	<i>Have you adapted your forest management in response to climate change?</i>							
Yes	32	27		37		0.042	0.037	0.137
		29.5	5	43	31			
No	68	73		63				
		70.5	95	57	69			
No. of observations	391	200	20	93	78			

Forest owners were divided into two categories, depending on whether they manage their own forest (active owners) or not (passive owners). Forest managers, who do not own forest land, were either categorized as being in the public administration (public managers) or in the private sector (private managers). When asked whether they had undertaken climate change adaptation actions, respondents who answered 'do not know' were grouped together with those who answered 'no'

<sup>a</sup>Pearson's Chi-squared test with simulated p-value (based on 10,000 replicates) by Monte Carlo test